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# Education and women empowerment: A critical evaluation of Difficult Daughters by Manju Kapur

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#### Abstract

This paper critically examines the interplay of education and women's empowerment in Manju Kapur's novel Difficult Daughters, a narrative set against the backdrop of India's struggle for independence. The novel intricately weaves themes of gender, education, patriarchy, and societal expectations, showcasing how education acts as both a liberating and confining force for women. Kapur portrays the protagonist, Virmati, as a symbol of resistance against traditional norms while simultaneously grappling with the consequences of her choices. Through Virmati's pursuit of education and autonomy, the novel reveals the paradoxical nature of empowerment in a society steeped in rigid traditions. The paper seeks to evaluate how Kapur's depiction underscores the pivotal role of education in shaping women's identities and the barriers they face in achieving true empowerment. By exploring the intersections of personal agency, family dynamics, and societal constraints, this study offers insights into the evolving role of education in the broader discourse on women's rights in India.

Keywords: Education, women empowerment, critical, Difficult Daughters

#### Introduction

Education is often lauded as a cornerstone of empowerment, particularly for women in patriarchal societies. It has the potential to dismantle gender inequalities, provide economic opportunities, and foster a sense of autonomy. However, the relationship between education and empowerment is far from straightforward. In societies where traditional norms dictate a woman's role and worth, education can become a contested space-both a tool for liberation and a site of conflict. Manju Kapur's Difficult Daughters vividly illustrates this tension, presenting education as a doubleedged sword for women seeking to carve their identities in the face of societal and familial resistance.

Set during the tumultuous period of pre- and post-partition India, Difficult Daughters narrates the story of Virmati, a young woman whose aspirations for education and independence place her at odds with her conservative family and society. Through Virmati's journey, Kapur explores the complex intersections of education, love, duty, and rebellion, painting a nuanced portrait of women's struggles in a patriarchal framework. Virmati's determination to pursue higher education and make her own life choices

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defies the traditional expectations imposed on her, yet her story is fraught with challenges that highlight the limitations of empowerment in a society unwilling to embrace change.

The novel's title, Difficult Daughters, itself encapsulates the generational conflict between women striving for individuality and the familial pressures that seek to tether them to traditional roles. Virmati's pursuit of education is not merely an academic endeavor but a symbolic act of defiance, representing her desire to assert her identity and break free from the prescribed role of a dutiful daughter and wife. However, her journey is complicated by her love affair with Harish, a married man, which simultaneously empowers and entraps her. This duality reflects the broader societal ambivalence towards educated women: while education is valued, its transformative potential often clashes with entrenched gender norms (Kumari P, 2021)<sup>[1]</sup>. Manju Kapur's narrative also delves into the generational perspectives on education and empowerment. Virmati's mother, Kasturi, embodies the traditional ideals of womanhood, viewing education as a threat to familial harmony and a woman's primary role as a caretaker.

In contrast, Virmati's daughter Ida, who narrates the story,

represents the modern woman reflecting on her mother's life with both admiration and criticism. This multigenerational lens provides a critical framework for understanding how societal attitudes towards women's education and empowerment evolve over time.

Education in Difficult Daughters is not merely a means of acquiring knowledge but a catalyst for self-discovery and resistance against patriarchal constraints. Yet, Kapur does not romanticize the idea of empowerment through education. Virmati's struggles highlight the societal backlash and personal sacrifices that often accompany women's attempts to assert their independence. Her alienation from her family, the stigma attached to her choices, and her tumultuous relationship with Harish underscore the costs of defying societal expectations.

Through Virmati's story, Kapur critiques the notion that education alone can empower women without addressing the systemic inequalities and cultural barriers that perpetuate their subjugation.

The historical context of the novel further enriches its exploration of education and empowerment. Set during India's independence movement, the narrative draws parallels between the country's struggle for freedom and women's fight for autonomy. Just as the nation grapples with questions of identity, self-determination, and resistance, so too does Virmati in her personal quest for empowerment. However, her journey also underscores the limitations of this analogy; while the nation's independence is celebrated, women's freedom remains constrained by patriarchal structures that outlast colonial rule.

Moreover, Difficult Daughters underscores the role of education in challenging traditional gender roles and fostering a sense of agency. For Virmati, education becomes a means of envisioning a life beyond marriage and domesticity. Her decision to study in Lahore, away from her family's influence, represents a significant act of rebellion and a step towards self-empowerment. However, Kapur also portrays the societal resistance to such aspirations, as Virmati's pursuit of education is met with skepticism and criticism, both within her family and the broader community. This tension highlights the paradox of education as both an enabler of change and a source of conflict in patriarchal societies.

Manju Kapur's Difficult Daughters offers several passages that illuminate the themes of education and women's empowerment, often through the lens of its central characters (Kahlon M, 2011)<sup>[2]</sup>.

**Virmati's Determination for Education:** "Virmati loved her studies. For her, books opened windows to the world beyond the four walls of her home. But her love of learning was frowned upon, as it was considered unnecessary for a girl who was expected to marry and run a household." This passage highlights Virmati's thirst for knowledge and her belief in the transformative power of education. Her family, particularly her mother Kasturi, views education as irrelevant for a woman's traditional role as a wife and homemaker. Virmati's insistence on pursuing her studies represents a rebellion against societal norms that prioritize a woman's marital duties over her intellectual aspirations. This conflict underlines the broader tension between individual agency and societal expectations, showcasing how education becomes both a tool of empowerment and a source of familial strife (Bhuvaneswari S, 2022)<sup>[3]</sup>.

**Virmati's Struggles at Lahore:** "Lahore was a revelation to Virmati. For the first time, she saw women attending classes, walking confidently in groups, and discussing politics and poetry. It was a world she had only imagined and one she wanted desperately to be a part of."

In Lahore, Virmati finds an environment where education is normalized for women and intellectual discussions thrive. This new space gives her a glimpse of the empowerment she seeks-one where education fosters confidence, independence, and critical thinking. However, her journey is not without obstacles. Even in this progressive setting, Virmati is haunted by her past and her forbidden relationship with Harish. This duality emphasizes the difficulty of breaking free from patriarchal constraints despite external opportunities for empowerment.

**Kasturi's Perspective on Education:** "Why does she need so much education? More than a woman need is dangerous. It will ruin her prospects of marriage and bring shame to the family." Kasturi's disapproval of Virmati's educational aspirations reflects the generational and cultural resistance to women's empowerment through education. For Kasturi, education threatens the traditional structures of family and marriage, which she views as the ultimate markers of a woman's success. Her fear that education will make Virmati "difficult" to control highlights the patriarchal anxiety about educated women who might challenge established norms.

Kasturi's stance also reveals the internalization of societal values by women themselves, perpetuating the cycle of oppression. Her character serves as a reminder of how patriarchy often operates through familial and generational dynamics, complicating the path to empowerment.

**Harish and Virmati's Relationship:** "You can't have both, Virmati. You must choose. Do you want me, or do you want your books and college? Why must you make things so complicated?" Harish's ultimatum underscores the limitations of women's empowerment when it is entangled with patriarchal relationships. While Virmati views education as a path to independence, Harish, despite being a progressive scholar, represents the societal expectation that a woman must prioritize her personal relationships over her ambitions. This interaction highlights the conditional nature of empowerment for women in patriarchal societies, where their choices are often constrained by the demands of men in their lives (Nara S, 2012)<sup>[4]</sup>.

Through Virmati's response-her continued pursuit of education despite the challenges-Kapur illustrates the resilience of women striving to assert their identities in the face of societal and relational constraints.

**Ida's Reflection on Virmati:** "My mother's life was her own. No matter how much I may disapprove of her choices, she had the courage to make them. And for that, I am grateful." Ida,

Virmati's daughter, provides a retrospective view of her mother's life and struggles. While she critiques Virmati's decisions, especially her dependence on Harish, Ida recognizes the courage it took for her mother to pursue International Journal of Trends in Emerging Research and Development

education and defy societal norms. This acknowledgment signifies the impact of Virmati's choices on the next generation, illustrating the ripple effect of one woman's empowerment on future generations.

Ida's reflection also highlights the complexity of women's empowerment. Virmati's education and autonomy were limited by the societal and personal barriers she faced, yet her struggles laid the groundwork for Ida's own sense of agency and freedom.

In addition to Virmati's personal struggles, Difficult Daughters explores the collective experiences of women navigating the intersection of education, empowerment, and societal expectations. The novel sheds light on the limited opportunities available to women, even those who pursue higher education, and the societal pressures that continue to define their choices. Kapur's portrayal of secondary characters, such as Virmati's peers and mentors, provides a broader perspective on the challenges faced by educated women in a society that values tradition over progress.

The critical evaluation of Difficult Daughters also necessitates an examination of the role of love and relationships in women's empowerment. Virmati's affair with Harish, while initially perceived as an assertion of her agency, ultimately complicates her journey towards empowerment. Her dependence on Harish and the societal stigma attached to their relationship highlight the limitations of personal agency in the absence of structural change. Kapur's nuanced portrayal of Virmati's choices and their consequences underscores the complexities of empowerment in a patriarchal context, where individual actions are often constrained by societal norms and expectations (Jayajothilakshmi V, 2022)<sup>[5]</sup>.

Ultimately, Difficult Daughters offers a compelling critique of the traditional narratives surrounding education and empowerment. Through Virmati's story, Kapur challenges the notion that education alone can liberate women, emphasizing the need for a holistic approach that addresses the cultural, social, and economic barriers to empowerment. The novel serves as a powerful reminder of the ongoing struggle for gender equality and the transformative potential of education when coupled with systemic change.

Manju Kapur's Difficult Daughters provides a critical lens through which to examine the intricate relationship between education and women's empowerment. By exploring the personal and societal challenges faced by women in their quest for autonomy, the novel highlights the multifaceted nature of empowerment and the need to address the structural inequalities that perpetuate gender-based oppression. Through Virmati's journey, Kapur not only sheds light on the struggles of women in pre- and postindependence India but also offers timeless insights into the complexities of education, identity, and liberation in a patriarchal world.

### Conclusion

Manju Kapur's Difficult Daughters offers a poignant critique of the relationship between education and women's empowerment in patriarchal societies. The novel highlights how education serves as a transformative tool, enabling women to envision and pursue lives beyond traditional roles. However, it also underscores the societal resistance and personal sacrifices that often accompany such pursuits. Virmati's journey is emblematic of the challenges faced by women striving for autonomy within rigid societal structures, revealing the paradoxical nature of empowerment in contexts where progress and tradition coexist uneasily.

The multigenerational perspectives in the novel enrich the discourse, illustrating the evolution of societal attitudes towards women's education and the enduring struggles for gender equality. While Kapur presents education as a potential pathway to liberation, she also emphasizes the necessity of addressing systemic barriers, cultural norms, and economic inequalities to achieve true empowerment. By situating Virmati's story within the broader socio-political context of India's independence movement, the novel draws parallels between national and personal quests for freedom, highlighting the incomplete nature of both struggles.

Ultimately, Difficult Daughters is a testament to the resilience of women navigating the complex interplay of education, empowerment, and societal expectations. It calls for a holistic approach to women's empowerment, one that combines access to education with efforts to dismantle patriarchal norms and structures. The novel remains a vital contribution to feminist literature, offering timeless insights into the challenges and possibilities of education as a tool for liberation.

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